BEBEGENE 'Newborn Copy Number Variation Screening'

Chromosomal microarray analysis (CMA) can detect difficult-to-identify diseases in approximately 15-20% of individuals with unexplained developmental delay, autism spectrum disorder and multiple congenital anomalies. The CMA with SNP probes can detect CNVs, copy neutral changes (i.e., uniparental disomy) as well as identify ploidy changes¹⁻³.

EDGC's BEBEGENE has two advantages. First, EDGC analyzes CNV analysis with two kinds of data: B allele frequency (BAF) and Log2 R ratio (LRR)⁴ [figure 1]. In addition to CNV analysis according to intensity, analysis of Loss of heterogeneity (LOH) is possible. Second, 'genome waves' that hinder accurate analysis were offset by machine learning. Six types were identified by clustering with 5,399 samples, and the corresponding reference was applied through classification. This prevents false detection, enabling more accurate CNV detection.



[Figure 1]. How to calculate BAF and LRR. The allelic copy ratio in terms of BAF is calculated from the θ value of a sample and the expected cluster positions (ellipses, left top panel). The allele frequency is determined as a linear interpolation in the θ -dimension related to the allele frequency of each cluster (0.0, 0.5, and 1.0). In this example, a data point (purple dot) falling approximately 2/3 of the distance from the AA to the AB cluster (D1/D2 = 0.66) has an allele frequency of 0.33 (0.66 * 0.5). The log₂ R ratio is calculated as the ratio between observed normalized intensity of the experimental sample to the expected intensity (left bottom panel). The expected intensity is determined as a linear interpolation as a function of the sample θ (grey line) of the expected cluster positions (ellipses). These two transformed parameters, B allele frequency and log₂ R ratio, are then plotted along the entire genome for all SNPs on the array (right panel). The plot of these two parameters exhibits diagnostic signature profiles of copy number (example copy numbers 2, 1, and 3 shown) and specific classes of structural variation. [Adapted from illumina's Technical Note]

BEBEGENE's disease

Regions that were associated with disease were selected by OMIM (https://www.omim.org/) or decipher (https://www. deciphergenomics.org/) [Figure 2]. BEBEGENE includes monosomy (deletion), trisomy (duplication), and tetrasomy (triplication) according to CN, and is divided into whole chromosome deletion (duplication) and micro-deletion (micro-duplication) according to the length of the region.

Table 1. Number of 239 CNV-related chromosomal disorders.

[See appendix for a detailed list of diseases.]

Chromosome	Number of Disease	Deletion	Duplication	Both	Whole chromosome
1	12	9	3	-	-
2	21	14	7	-	-
3	9	6	3	-	-
4	7	4	3	-	-
5	11	8	3	-	-
6	11	7	3	1	-
7	14	7	6	1	-
8	14	10	4	-	-
9	9	8	1	-	-
10	9	5	4	-	-
11	12	9	2	1	-
12	5	4	1	-	-
13	7	6	1	-	1 (Dup)
14	8	6	2	-	-
15	12	7	5	-	-
16	17	12	5	-	-
17	20	9	10	1	-
18	4	2	2	-	1 (Dup)
19	4	2	1	1	-
20	5	5	-	-	-
21	2	1	1	-	1 (Dup)
22	10	5	5	-	-
Х	16	8	7	1	3 (1 Del, 2 Dup)
total	239	154	79	6	6 (1 Del, 5 Dup)

BEBEGENE analysis

The genomic wave pattern in the Illumina's Global Screening Array (GSA) chip was confirmed using 5,399 clinical samples. Autosomal chromosomes were divided into 1 Mb bin, and LRR mean and standard deviation (SD) of markers within the region were calculated. Bin with no markers or LRR SD θ 0.05 were excluded from the analysis because small SDs result in even distribution and are not very useful for analysis.

5,399 samples were clustered using the k-means method [Figure 3, 4]. The cluster name was indicated on the classified samples, and the mean was calculated for the marker LRR included in the bin for samples in the cluster. The samples in each cluster were plotted with the mean, and cluster patterns were confirmed. For the sample feature to be used for classification, the LRR mean for the 238 regions used for k-means⁵⁻⁷ analysis was calculated and classified using k-Nearest Neighbor (k-NN)⁸⁻¹⁰. The matched cluster sample LRR data were used to normalize into the Z-score.

Since the range of normalized values is different from the original LRR, adjustment to the original range is necessary. The original LRR SD and Z-score SD were resized to a similar value to create a new LRR called modified LRR (mLRR).



[Figure 3]. Pipeline of BEBEGENE with Genomic Wave offset. The preprocessing used machine learning to offset the wave. CNV analysis was performed with two tools using offset data. CNV results were merged to reduce false negatives.



[Figure 4]. Results of waves offset. In the results of group5, both ends of the chromosomes were offset in the modified LRR for all chromosomes.

Interpretation of BEBEGENE analysis result

In the BEBEGENE result, the CNV is determined according to the intensity of the LRR value [Figure 5]. In addition, it can be confirmed by the distribution of BAF values. LOH can be confirmed with BAF, and mosaic can also be confirmed.



A region of homozygous is where both copies of the chromosome have been lost (shaded). In this case, there are no SNPs present, so the genotyping data (B Allele Freq plot) appears like a "waterfall" as s result of noise in the absence of signal. The log R ratio in thin region is the log2 of ~0/2, which is a highly negative value and is shown in the Log R Ratio plot as a large deflection downward.



A region of copy-neutral LOH (shaded) is depicted by a loss of heterozygotes in the B allele frequency dada but no change in the log R ratio (physical copy number).

[Figure 5]. Distribution of LRR and BAF by CN. The region marked in pink is the corresponding CNV, and another region is the normal. A) homozygous deletion CN = 0, B) hemizygous deletion CN = 1, C) Loss of heterozygotes CN = 2, D) duplication CN = 3, E) Mean and SD of LRR and BAF values according to copy number. [Adapted from illumina's Technical Note]



A hemizygous deletion (loss of one copy) is depicted in the ICB as a loss of heterozygotes in the B Allele Freq plot (top) and a loss of signal intensity in the Log R Ratio plot (bottom). In the region of the deletion (shaded), the log R ratio is log2 of 1/2, or -1.



Regions of deletion (not shaded) are depicted by loss of signal intensity in the Log R Ratio plot to -0.5. An overlapping duplication (shaded) is depicted in the middle of the window by an increase in the Log R Ratio plot.

E)	Copy Number	Genotype	LRR Mean	LRR SD	BAF Mean	BAF SD
	0	DD	-5	2	NA	NA
	1	А	-0.45	0.18	0	0.03
	I	В	-0.45	0.18	1	0.03
		AA	0	0.18	0	0.03
	2	AB	0	0.18	0.5	0.03
Ī		BB	0	0.18	1	0.03
		AAA	0.3	0.18	0	0.03
	3	AAB	0.3	0.w18	0.33	0.03
		ABB	0.3	0.18	0.66	0.03
		BBB	0.3	0.18	1	0.03
		AAAA	0.75	0.18	0	0.03
		AAAB	0.75	0.18	0.25	0.03
	4	AABB	0.75	0.18	0.5	0.03
		ABBB	0.75	0.18	0.75	0.03
		BBBB	0.75	0.18	1	0.03

BEBEGENE Results Statistics for Newborns

Between June 2021 and October 2022, total 24,816 newborns samples were collected for genetic analysis from clinical centers in South Korea. Our genome-wide SNP array chip targeting CNV-related chromosomal disorders was able to identify 464 cases (1.870%) of 92 CNV-associated chromosomal disorders from a total of 24,816 newborns. Table 2 summarizes the CNV-related chromosomal disorders involved in each case.

Table 2. Screening results for CNV-related chromosomal disorders in Korean population.

Diseases	Cytoband	Count	%
16p13.11 duplication syndrome	16p13.11	49	0.197
17p13.3 telomeric duplication syndrome	17p13.3	33	0.133
22q11.2 duplication syndrome	22q11.2	33	0.133
Klinefelter syndrome	chrX	24	0.097
Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)	Xp21.2-p21.1	19	0.077
Triple-X syndrome	chrX	16	0.064
Xp22.31 microdeletion syndrome	Xp22.31	15	0.06
1q21.1 deletion (distal) syndrome	1q21.1	14	0.056
16p13.11 deletion syndrome	16p13.11	14	0.056
16p11.2 duplication (distal) syndrome	16p11.2	13	0.052
16p11.2 duplication (proximal) syndrome	16p11.2	13	0.052
1q21.1 duplication (distal) syndrome	1q21.1	12	0.048
Down syndrome	chr21	11	0.044
16p11.2 deletion (distal) syndrome	16p11.2	11	0.044
1q21.1 deletion (proximal) syndrome	1q21.1	11	0.044
17p12 deletion syndrome	17p12	9	0.036
16p11.2 deletion (proximal) syndrome	16p11.2	8	0.032
16p12.2 deletion (proximal) syndrome	16p12.2	7	0.028
Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 1A (CMT1A)	17p12	7	0.028
22q11.2 deletion syndrome (LCR22 B/C-D)	22q11.21	7	0.028
DiGeorge/Velocardiofacial syndrome (CATCH22)	22q11.21	7	0.028
2q23.1 microdeletion syndrome	2q23.1	7	0.028
15q13.3 deletion syndrome (BP4 to BP5)	15q13.3	6	0.024
15q13.3 duplication syndrome	15q13.3	6	0.024
1q21.1 duplication (proximal) syndrome	1q21.1	6	0.024
2q13 deletion syndrome	2q13	6	0.024
17q12 duplication syndrome	17q12	5	0.02
2p16.3 deletion syndrome	2p16.3	4	0.016
Prader-Willi/Angelman Syndrome (BP1-BP3)	15q11.2-q13.1	4	0.016
18p deletion syndrome	18p	4	0.016
2q11.2 deletion syndrome	2q11.2	3	0.012
Turner syndrome	chrX	3	0.012
Trisomy 9p syndrome	9р	2	0.008
Trisomy 12p syndrome	12p	2	0.008
12p13.33 microdeletion syndrome	12p13.33	2	0.008
17q12 deletion syndrome	17q12	2	0.008
Hypertrichosis terminalis, generalized, with or without gingival hyperplasia (HTC3)	17q24.2-q24.3	2	0.008

Diseases	Cytoband	Count	%
22q11.2 deletion syndrome (distal, D-E/F)	22q11.21-q11.22	2	0.008
2q13 duplication syndrome	2q13	2	0.008
2q21.1 deletion syndrome	2q21.1	2	0.008
2q23.1 microduplication syndrome	2q23.1	2	0.008
5p13 duplication syndrome	5p13	2	0.008
Spinal muscular atrophy, type 1 (SMA1)	5q13	2	0.008
Axenfeld-Rieger syndrome, type 3 (RIEG3)	6p25.3	2	0.008
7p22.1 microduplication syndrome	7p22.1	2	0.008
Monosomy 7	7q	2	0.008
7q36.3 duplication syndrome	7q36.3	2	0.008
8q22.1 duplication syndrome	8q22.1	2	0.008
Xq28 duplication syndrome	Xq28	2	0.008
Patau syndrome	chr13	1	0.004
Monosomy 10p syndrome	10p	1	0.004
DiGeorge syndrome/velocardiofacial syndrome complex 2 (DGS2)	10p14-p13	1	0.004
10q22.3-q23.2 duplication syndrome	10q22.3-q23.2	1	0.004
10q26 deletion syndrome	10q26	1	0.004
Partial Trisomy 11q syndrome	11q	1	0.004
11q22.2-q22.3 microdeletion syndrome	11q22.2-q22.3	1	0.004
Partial Monosomy 13q syndrome	13q	1	0.004
Congenital microcoria	13q32	1	0.004
Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation syndrome, chromosome 16-related (ATR-16 syndrome)	16pter-p13.3	1	0.004
Smith-Magenis syndrome	17p11.2	1	0.004
17q11.2 duplication syndrome	17q11.2	1	0.004
18q deletion syndrome	18q	1	0.004
1q41-q42 deletion syndrome	1q41-q42	1	0.004
2q35 duplication syndrome	2q35	1	0.004
2q37 deletion syndrome	2q37	1	0.004
3q13.31 deletion syndrome	3q13.31	1	0.004
3q29 duplication syndrome	3q29	1	0.004
Wolf-Hirshhorn syndrome (WHS)	4p16.3	1	0.004
4q deletion syndrome	4q	1	0.004
Trisomy 5p syndrome	5р	1	0.004
5q14.3 deletion (distal) syndrome	5q14.3-q15	1	0.004
5q35 duplicationsyndrome	5q35	1	0.004
Sotos syndrome	5q35.3	1	0.004
Chordoma	6q27	1	0.004
7q11.23 duplication syndrome	7q11.23	1	0.004
7q11.23 deletion (distal) syndrome	7q11.23	1	0.004
Split-hand/foot malformation 1 (SHFM1)	7q21.2-q21.3	1	0.004
Monosomy 8p syndrome	8p	1	0.004
Trisomy 8p syndrome	8p	1	0.004
8p23.1 duplication syndrome	8p23.1	1	0.004
Joubert syndrome 6 (JBTS6)	8q22.1	1	0.004
9q31.1-q31.3 microdeletion syndrome	9q31.1-q31.3	1	0.004

Diseases	Cytoband	Count	%
Xq27.3-q28 duplication syndrome	Xq27.3-q28	1	0.004
2q12.2-q13_DEL	2q12.2-q13	1	0.004
12q24.31-q24.32_DEL	12q24.31-q24.32	1	0.004
15q11.2_DEL	15q11.2	1	0.004
19q13.33-q13.43_DUP	19q13.33-q13.43	1	0.004
22q13.2_DEL	22q13.2	1	0.004
Xq27.1-q28_DUP	Xq27.1-q28	1	0.004
Xq28_DUP	Xq28	1	0.004
Xp22.33-p21.1_DEL	Xp22.33-p21.1	1	0.004
Tetrasomy X	chrX	1	0.004
		464	1.87

Reference

- 1. Miller DT, Adam MP, Aradhya S, Biesecker LG, Brothman AR, Carter NP, Church DM, et al. Consensus statement:chromosomal microarray is a first-tier clinical diagnostic test for individuals with developmental disabilities orcongenital anomalies. Am J Hum Genet 2010;86:749-764.
- 2. Werling AM, Grunblatt E, Oneda B, Bobrowski E, Gundelfinger R, Taurines R, Romanos M, et al. High-resolutionchromosomal microarray analysis for copy-number variations in high-functioning autism reveals large aberrationtypical for intellectual disability. J Neural Transm (Vienna) 2020;127:81-94.
- 3. Hu T, Zhang Z, Wang J, Li Q, Zhu H, Lai Y, Wang H, et al. Chromosomal Aberrations in Pediatric Patients withDevelopmental Delay/ Intellectual Disability: A Single-Center Clinical Investigation. Biomed Res Int2019;2019:9352581.
- 4. Peiffer DA, Le JM, Steemers FJ, Chang W, et al. High-resolution genomic profiling of chromosomal aberrations usingInfinium wholegenome genotyping. Genome Res. 2006 Sep;16(9):1136-48.
- 5. Thalamuthu A, Mukhopadhyay I, Zheng X, Tseng GC. Evaluation and comparison of gene clustering methods inmicroarray analysis. Bioinformatics. 2006; 22:2405–2412.
- 6. Richards AL, Holmans P, O'Donovan MC, Owen MJ, Jones L. A comparison of four clustering methods for brainexpression microarray data. BMC Bioinform. 2008; 9:490.
- 7. Raykov YP, Boukouvalas A, Baig F, Little MA. What to do when K-Means clustering fails: a simple yet principledalternative algorithm. PLoS One. 2016; 11:e0162259.
- 8. Khondoker M, Dobson R, Skirrow C, Simmons A, Stahl D. A comparison of machine learning methods forclassification using simulation with multiple real data examples from mental health studies. Stat Methods MedRes. 2016; 25:1804–1823.
- 9. Shao X, Li H, Wang N, Zhang Q. Comparison of different classification methods for analyzing electronic nose datato characterize sesame oils and blends. Sensors (Basel). 2015; 15:26726–26742.

10. Zhang Z. Introduction to machine learning: k-nearest neighbors. Ann Transl Med. 2016; 4:218

Appendix.

Table. BEBEGENE disease list

Chromo some	Cytoband	info ID	Chromo some	Cytoband	info ID
1	1p21.3	1p21.3 microdeletion syndrome	4	4p16.3	Wolf-Hirshhorn syndrome (WHS)
1	1p32-p31	1p32-p31 deletion syndrome	4	4p16.3	4p16.3 duplication syndrome
1	1p35.2	1p35.2 microdeletion syndrome	4	4q	4q deletion syndrome
1	1p36	1p36 deletion syndrome	4	4q	Distal trisomy 4q syndrome
1	1p36	1p36 duplication syndrome	4	4q21	4q21 deletion syndrome
1	1q21.1	1q21.1 deletion (distal) syndrome	4	4q25	Axenfeld-Rieger syndrome, type 1 (RIEG1)
1	1921.1		5	5р	Trisomy 5p syndrome
1	1q21.1	1q21.1 deletion (proximal) syndrome	5	5p13	5p13 duplication syndrome
1	1921.1	1 41 • 42 deletion (proximal) syndrome	5	5p15	Cri du chat syndrome
1	1q41-q42	1q41-q42 deletion syndrome	5	5q12	5q12 deletion syndrome
1	1q43-q44	1q43-q44 deletion syndrome	5	5g13	Spinal muscular atrophy, type 1 (SMA1)
1	1q44	1q44 microdeletion syndrome	5	5q14.3	5g14.3 deletion (proximal) syndrome
2	2p12-p11.2	2p12-p11.2 deletion syndrome	5	5a14.3-a15	5g14.3 deletion (distal) syndrome
2	2p16.1-p15	2p15-p16.1 deletion syndrome	5	5α22.2	Familial adenomatous polyposis
2	2p16.1-p15	2p15-p16.1 duplication syndrome	5	5q213	5a31 3 microdeletion syndrome
2	2p16.3	2p16.3 deletion syndrome	5	5q35	Sotos syndrome
2	2p21	2p21 microdeletion syndrome	5	5q35	5035 duplicationsyndrome
2	2p24.3	2p24.3 duplication syndrome	6	5q55 6n22	6n22 microdeletion syndrome
2	2q11.2 2q11.2	2q11.2 deletion syndrome	6	6p25.3	Axenfeld-Rieger syndrome, type 3
2	2g112	2q13 deletion syndrome			(RIEG3)
2	2q13	2q13 duplication syndrome	6	6pter-p24	6pter-p24 deletion syndrome
2	2q13	2q211 deletion syndrome	6	6q	Partial Trisomy 6q syndrome
2	2921.1	Mowat-Wilson syndrome (MOWS)	6	6q11-q14	6q11-q14 deletion syndrome
2	2922 2923 1	2q23.1 microdeletion syndrome	6	6q16	6q16 microdeletion syndrome
2	29221	2q22.1 microduplication syndrome	6	6q24	6q24 duplication syndrome
2	2923.1	2q25.1 microdulation syndrome	6	6q24-q25	6q24-q25 deletion syndrome
2	2424	2q24 microdeletion syndrome	6	6q25	6q25 microdeletion syndrome
2	2451.1		6	6q25.3	Coffin-Siris syndrome 1 (CSS1)
2	2q31.1	2q31.1 duplication syndrome	6	6q27	Chordoma
2	2q31.2	2q31.2 deletion syndrome	7	7р	7p deletion syndrome
2	2q32-q33	2q32-q33 microdeletion syndrome	7	7p11.2-p13	Silver-Russell syndrome
2	2q34-q36 2q37	2q35 duplication syndrome BDMR syndrome	7	7p14.1	Greig cephalopolysyndactyly syndrome (GCPS)
3	3p25.3	3p25.3 deletion syndrome	7	7p22.1	7p22.1 microduplication syndrome
3	3pter-p25	3pter-p25 deletion syndrome	7	7q	Monosomy 7
3	3q13.31	3q13.31 deletion syndrome	7	7q11.23	Williams-Beuren syndrome (WBS)
3	3q21-gter	3q21 duplication syndrome	7	7q11.23	7q11.23 deletion (distal) syndrome
3	3q22-q24	Dandy-Walker syndrome (DWS)	7	7q11.23	7q11.23 duplication (distal) syndrome
3	3q26	3q26 microduplication syndrome	7	7q11.23	7q11.23 duplication syndrome
3	3q26-q27	3q26-q27 microdeletion syndrome	7	7q21.2-q21.3	Split-hand/foot malformation 1 (SHFM1)
3	3g29	3g29 deletion syndrome	7	7q31	7q31 microdeletion syndrome
3	3q29	3g29 duplication syndrome	7	7q36.3	Currarino syndrome
4	4p	4p duplication syndrome	7	7q36.3	7q36.3 duplication syndrome

Chromo some	Cytoband	info ID	Chromo some	Cytoband	info ID
7	7q36.3	Triphalangeal thumb-polysyndactyly	11	11q23	11q23 deletion syndrome
0	8n	Monosomy &n syndromo	11	11q23-qter	Jacobsen syndrome (JBS)
0	8p	Trisomy 8n syndromo	12	12p	Trisomy 12p syndrome
0	op 9p11 2	Parta 2 deletion syndrome	12	12p12.1	12p12.1 microdeletion syndrome
0	op11.2	8p221 deletion syndrome	12	12p13.33	12p13.33 microdeletion syndrome
0	opz5.1	8p23.1 duplication syndrome	12	12q14	12q14 microdeletion syndrome
0	op25.1	8p25.1 duplication syndrome	12	12q15-q21.1	12q15q21.1 microdeletion syndrome
0	0412	Masamalia supestases supdrome	13	13	Patau syndrome
0	ouis	loubert cundrame 21 (IPTS21)	13	13q	Partial Monosomy 13q syndrome
0	0415.1-415.2	Souper (Syndrome 21 (JBTS21)	13	13q12.2-q13	Moebius syndrome
8	8q21.11	8q21.11 deletion syndrome	13	13q12.3	13q12.3 microdeletion syndrome
8	8q22.1	Joubert syndrome 6 (JBTS6)	13	13q14	13q14 deletion syndrome
8	8q22.1	(NMLFS)	13	13q32	Congenital microcoria
8	8q22.1	8q22.1 duplication syndrome	13	13q34	Monosomy 13q34 syndrome
0	8a2/11	Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome	14	14q11.2	14q11.2 microdeletion syndrome
0	0924.1	type 2 (TRPS2)	14	14q11.2	14q11.2 microduplication syndrome
8	8q24.3	8q24.3 microdeletion syndrome	14	14q11-q22	14q11-q22 deletion syndrome
9	9р	Trisomy 9p syndrome	14	14q12	14q12 microdeletion syndrome
9	9р	9p deletion syndrome	14	14q22	Anophthalmia-hypothalamo pituitary
9	9p13	9p13 microdeletion syndrome	14	14a221-a223	Frias syndrome
9	9p24.3	9p24.3 deletion syndrome	14	14q22.1 q22.3	1/a241-a243 microdeletion syndrome
9	9q22.3	9q22.3 deletion syndrome	14	14924.1-924.3	14q22 duplication syndromo
9	9q31.1-q31.3	9q31.1-q31.3 microdeletion syndrome	14	14q52	Distal Trisomy 15g syndrome
9	9q33.3-q34.11	9q33.3q34.11 microdeletion syndrome	IJ	рс	15a11-a13 duplication syndrome (BP1-
9	9q34.11	Early infantile epileptic encephalopathy 4 (EIEE4)	15	15q11.2-q13.1	BP3)
9	9q34.3	Kleefstra syndrome 1 (KLEFS1)	15	15q11.2-q13.1	BP3)
10	10p	Monosomy 10p syndrome	15	15q13.3	15q13.3 deletion syndrome (BP4 to BP5)
10	10p	Trisomy 10p syndrome	15	15q13.3	15q13.3 duplication syndrome
10	10p11.21-p12.31	10p11.21-p12.31 microdeletion	15	15q14	15q14 microdeletion syndrome
			15	15q24	15g24 deletion syndrome (A-D)
10	10p14-p13	syndrome complex 2 (DGS2)	15	15q24	15g24 duplication syndrome (A-C)
10	10q	Distal Trisomy 10q syndrome	15	15q25.2	15g25.2 deletion (proximal) syndrome
10	10q22.3-q23.3	10q22.3-q23.2 deletion syndrome	15	15q25.2-q25.3	15g25.2-g25.3 deletion (distal) syndrome
10	10q22.3-q23.3	10q22.3-q23.2 duplication syndrome	15	15g26-gter	15g26-gter deletion syndrome
10	10q24	Split-hand/foot malformation 3 (SHFM3)	15	15q26-qter	Tetrasomy 15q26 syndrome
10	10q26	10q26 deletion syndrome	16	16p11.2	16p11.2 deletion (distal) syndrome
11	11p11.2	Potocki-Shaffer syndrome	16	16p11.2	16p11.2 duplication (distal) syndrome
11	11p13	11p13 deletion (distal) syndrome	16	16p11.2	16p11.2 deletion (proximal) syndrome
11	11p13	WAGR syndrome	16	16p11.2	16p11.2 duplication (proximal) syndrome
11	11p13	11p13 duplication syndrome	16	16n11 2-n12 2	16n11 2-n12 2 microdeletion syndrome
11	11p13-p12	WAGRO syndrome	10	10011.2 012.2	16p11.2 p12.2 microduplication
11	11p15.5	Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome (BWS)	16	16p11.2-p12.2	syndrome
11	11q	Partial Monosomy 11q syndrome	16	16p12.2	16p12.2 deletion (proximal) syndrome
11	11q	Partial Trisomy 11q syndrome	16	16p13.11	16p13.11 duplication syndrome
11	11q13.2-q13.4	11q13.2-q13.4 deletion syndrome	16	16p13.11	16p13.11 deletion syndrome
11	11q22.2-q22.3	11q22.2-q22.3 microdeletion syndrome	16	16p13.2	16p13.2 deletion syndrome

Chromo some	Cytoband	info ID	Chromo some	Cytoband	info ID
16	16p13.3	Polycystic kidney disease, infantile	22	22q11	Emanuel Syndrome
		severe, with tuberous sclerosis (PKDTS)	22	22q11.1-q11.21	Cat eye syndrome
16	16p13.3	Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome	22	22q11.21-q11.22	22q11.2 deletion syndrome (distal, D-E/F)
16	16p13.3	Alpha-thalassemia/mental retardation	22	22q11.21	DiGeorge/Velocardiofacial syndrome (CATCH22)
16	16pter-p13.3	syndrome, chromosome 16-related (ATR- 16 syndrome)	22	22q11.21	22q11.2 deletion syndrome (LCR22 B/ C-D)
16	16q22	16q22 deletion syndrome	22	22a11.21	22q11.2 duplication syndrome (proximal,
16	16q24.1	16q24.1 microdeletion syndrome	22	22-44-24-44-22	
16	16q24.3	KBG syndrome	22	22q11.21-q11.22	22q11.2 duplication (distal) syndrome
17	17p	Trisomy 17p syndrome	22	22q13	22q13 deletion syndrome
17	17p11.2	Smith-Magenis syndrome	22	22q13	22q13 duplication syndrome
17	17p11.2	Potocki-Lupski syndrome	Х	Х	lurner syndrome
17	17p11.2-p12	Yuan-Harel-Lupski syndrome (YUHAL)	Х	Х	Klinefelter syndrome
17	17p12	17p12 deletion syndrome	Х	Х	Triple-X syndrome
17	17p12	Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 1A	Х	Xp11.22	Xp11.22 duplication syndrome
17	17p13.1	17p13.1 deletion syndrome	Х	Xp11.22-p11.23	Xp11.22-p11.23 duplication syndrome
17	17p13.3	Miller-Dieker lissencephaly syndrome	Х	Xp11.23	Xp11.23 microdeletion syndrome
47	47.42.2		Х	Xp11.3	Xp11.3 deletion syndrome
17	1/p13.3	1/p13.3 duplication syndrome	Х	Xp21	Xp21 microdeletion syndrome
17	1/p13.3-p13.1	1/p13.3 telomeric duplication syndrome	Х	Xp21.2	Xp21.2 microduplication syndrome
17	17q11.2	17q11.2 deletion syndrome	Х	Xp21.2-p21.1	Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)
17	17q11.2	17q11.2 duplication syndrome	Х	Xp22.31	Xp22.31 microdeletion syndrome
17	17q12	17q12 deletion syndrome	Х	Xq21	Xq21 microdeletion syndrome
17	17q12	17q12 duplication syndrome	Х	Xq22.3	Xq22.3 telomeric deletion syndrome
17	17q21.31	17q21.31 deletion syndrome	Х	Xq27.3-q28	Xq27.3-q28 duplication syndrome
17	17q21.31	17q21.31 duplication syndrome	Х	Xq28	Xq28 deletion syndrome
17	17q22	17q22 deletion syndrome	Х	Xq28	Xq28 duplication syndrome
17	17q23.1-q23.2	17q23.1-q23.2 deletion syndrome			
17	17q23.1-q23.2	17q23.1-q23.2 duplication syndrome			
17	17q24.2-q24.3	Hypertrichosis terminalis, generalized, with or without gingival hyperplasia (HTC3)			
18	18	Edward's syndrome			
18	18p	Tetrasomy 18p syndrome			
18	18p	18p deletion syndrome			
18	18q	18q deletion syndrome			
19	19p13	19p13 duplication syndrome			
19	19p13.12	19p13.12 microdeletion syndrome			
19	19p13.13	19p13.13 microdeletion syndrome			
19	19q13.11	19q13.11 microdeletion syndrome			
20	20p12.2	Alagille syndrome 1 (ALGS1)			
20	20p12.3	20p12.3 microdeletion syndrome			
20	20p13	20p13 microdeletion syndrome			
20	20a11	20a11.2 microdeletion syndrome			
20	20a13.33	20a13.33 microdeletion syndrome			
21	21	Down syndrome			
21	- · 21a22.11-a22.12	21a22.11-a22.12 microdeletion syndrome			
	- 1944-11 944-12				

22q11

22q11.2 deletion syndrome

22